PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

CITY COUNCIL

R.D. CROSS, MAYOR

WILLIAM HORNSBY, MAYOR PRO TEM JOSE CAVAZOS BRIAN WILLIAMS BRENDA JEFFERY MICHAEL CHEVALIER

CITY MANAGER

JEFF ELLINGTON

CITY SECRETARY

KATHY HOOVER

BUSINESS MANAGER

GARY SMITH

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Gilmer, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gilmer, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gilmer, Texas, as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 19, 2013, on our consideration of the City of Gilmer's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of funding progress on pages 3 through 8 and 32 through 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Karen A. Jacks & Associates, P.C.

Karen a. Jacks & associates, P.C.

Longview, Texas March 19, 2013 This page left blank intentionally.

City of Gilmer, Texas

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For Year Ended September 30, 2012

As management of the City of Gilmer, we offer readers of the City's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information in the City's financial statements that follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- i The City of Gilmer's assets at September 30, 2012 totaled \$33,792,867 compared to its liabilities of \$15,213,035; the excess of assets over liabilities (net assets) was \$18,579,832, an increase of \$1,009,711 or 6% compared to the net asset position at September 30, 2011.
- During the year ended September 30, 2012, the City replaced the West Side Lift Station at a cost of \$475,000, paid out Water Sewer Reserves. This station supports the entire West side of the city and was in constant need of repair and maintenance to ensure proper operation.
- During the year ended September 30, 2012, the City installed a Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition system (SCADA) that allows remote monitoring and control operations at the three water booster plants, Simpson Mountain water tank and the West Side Lift Station. The entire cost of \$141,000 was paid out of the Water Sewer fund Reserves.
- i Total General Fund revenues were \$2,795,512 with expenditures of \$2,935,924. There were also net transfers into the General Fund from Proprietary funds of \$332,239 and transfers from the General Fund to other governmental funds of \$43,513, which resulted in an increase in fund balance of \$148,314. At September 30, 2012 the General Fund had a fund balance of \$341,078.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements- The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government and administration and public safety. The business-type activities of the city include water and sewer, airport and sanitation operations.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two major categories – governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains three main governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Economic Development and Debt Service funds. Data from the other non-major funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Funds- The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, airport and sanitation operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water & Sewer and Sanitation funds since they are considered to be major funds of the City. The Airport fund is also included as an Enterprise fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements- The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the City of Gilmer, net assets exceeded liabilities by \$18,579,832, as of September 30, 2012, an increase of \$1,009,711 from the previous year.

The largest portion of the City's net assets, 82%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, equipment, improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	CIT	ΓY OF GILM	MER'S NET A	ASSETS		
	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Tota	al
	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012
Current and other assets	\$1,595,958	\$1,767,359	\$2,991,906	\$2,739,304	\$4,587,864	\$4,506,663
Capital assets	11,562,221	11,390,857	17,431,535	17,895,347	28,993,756	29,286,204
Total Assets	13,158,179	13,158,216	20,423,441	20,634,651	33,581,620	33,792,867
Current liabilities	592,355	598,990	899,144	904,045	1,491,499	1,503,035
Noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year Total Liabilities	4,635,000 5,227,355	4,380,000 4,978,990	9,885,000 10,784,144	9,330,000 10,234,045	14,520,000 16,011,499	13,710,000 15,213,035
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,682,221	6,959,543	7,011,535	8,295,496	13,693,756	15,255,039
Restricted	788,636	814,308	131,046	112,609	919,682	926,917
Unrestricted =	459,967	405,375	2,496,716	1,992,501	2,956,683	2,397,876
Total Net Assets	7,930,824	8,179,226	9,639,297	10,400,606	17,570,121	18,579,832

Analysis of the City's Operations- Overall the City had an increase in net assets of \$1,009,711. Governmental activities increased the net assets by \$248,402 and net assets from business-type activities increased by \$761,309.

The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended September 30, 2012

CITY OF GILMER'S CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Tota	1
	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012
REVENUES:						
PROGRAM REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$306,720	\$371,881	\$3,093,312	\$2,960,930	\$3,400,032	\$3,332,811
Operating grants & contributions	239,066	101,426	4,056	9,018	243,122	110,444
Capital grants & contributions			90,380		90,380	
GENERAL REVENUES:						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	1,073,652	1,028,766			1,073,652	1,028,766
Property taxes, levied for debt services	572,048	573,601			572,048	573,601
Sales taxes	878,982	897,205			878,982	897,205
Sales tax for Economic Development	439,491	448,609			439,491	448,609
Franchise taxes	218,720	213,583			218,720	213,583
Other taxes	58,680	37,161			58,680	37,161
Penalty and interest	22,115	36,067			22,115	36,067
Miscellaneous revenue	154,901	69,987			154,901	69,987
Investment earnings	12,339	7,791	17,646	12,838	29,985	20,629
Rents and royalties	11,078				11,078	
Sale of equipment	3,339	51,675	-24,725	-1,929	-21,386	49,746
Transfers in (out)	-498,678	-79,029	498,678	79,029		
TOTAL REVENUES	3,492,453	3,758,723	3,679,347	3,059,886	7,171,800	6,818,609
EXPENSES:						
Legislative	16,670	26,648			16,67 0	26,648
Municipal court	72,901	84,607			72,901	84,607
Executive/administration	272,186	283,460			272,186	283,460
Community development	110,525	146,795			110,525	146,795
Financial administration	150,453	157,033			150,453	157,033
Police	1,169,471	1,276,380			1,169,471	1,276,380
Fire protection	503,572	501,689			503,572	501,689
Highways and Streets	701,379	397,148			701,379	397,148
Civic center	173,421	173,044			173,421	173,044
Non departmental	246,086	241,875			246,086	241,875
Interest & fiscal agent fees	109,510	221,642			109,510	221,642
Water & sewer	100,510	221,072	1,962,609	1,595,551	1,962,609	1,595,551
Sanitation			601,115	632,599	601,115	632,599
Airport			88,758	70,427	88,758	70,427
			00,730	10,421	00,730	70,727
TOTAL EXPENSES	3,526,174	3,510,321	2,652,482	2,298,577	6,178,656	5,808,898
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	-33,721	248,402	1,026,865	761,309	993,144	1,009,711
NET ASSETS – BEGINNING	7,964,545	7,930,824	8,612,432	9,639,297	16,576,977	17,570,121
NET ASSETS-ENDING	\$7,930,824	\$8,179,226	\$9,639,297	\$10,400,606	\$17,570,121	\$18,579,832
TILL MODE IS-DIADING	Ψ1,730,044	Ψυ,17,440	ΨΣ,ΟΟΣ,ΔΣΙ	Ψ10,700,000	Ψ11,5710,121	Ψ10,577,032

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental funds- The focus of the City of Gilmer's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Gilmer's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,176,177 which is an increase of \$223,208 from last fiscal year's balance of \$952,969. Of the current balance, \$308,761 constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been obligated for debt service or other purposes.

Proprietary funds- The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the respective proprietary funds are Water and Sewer- \$1,407,202 and Sanitation- \$622,385.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights- The City made several revisions to the original budget during the year. At year-end, total revenues were over the budgeted amount by \$78,447 while total expenditures were under budget by \$311,380.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City of Gilmer's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2012 amounts to \$29,286,203 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings, improvements, machinery & equipment and construction in progress. The increase of infrastructure was from the installation of the West Side lift station and the installation of the Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system.

Capital Assets at Year-end Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Tot	tal
	2011	2012	2011	2011 2012		2012
Land	\$6,330,697	\$6,330,697	\$4,525,164	\$4,525,164	\$10,855,861	\$10,855,861
Infrastructure	1,686,398	1,591,323	8,000,623	8,470,011	9,687,021	10,061,334
Buildings	2,618,201	2,541,324	807,235	787,284	3,425,436	3,328,608
Improvements, other than bldgs			3,963,173	3,883,706	3,963,173	3,883,706
Machinery & Equip	926,925	927,513	80,226	223,932	1,007,151	1,151,445
Construction in Progress			55,114	5,250	55,114	5,250
Total	\$11,562,221	\$11,390,857	\$17,431,535	\$17,895,347	\$28,993,756	\$29,286,204

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Gilmer had total long-term debt of \$14,520,000. Of this amount, \$360,000 comprises bonded debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government, while \$4,655,000 represents bonds secured solely by water and sewer revenues and \$5,230,000 represents Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation which are secured by tax receipts as well as water and sewer revenue. The remaining amount of \$4,275,000 does not constitute an obligation of the City of Gilmer, but is reported herein as an obligation of its component unit, Gilmer Economic Development Corporation. Without this amount reported, the City of Gilmer's outstanding debt decreased from \$10,890,000 to \$10,245,000, a decrease of \$645,000, or approx. 6%.

Outstanding Debt at Year End Bonds and Notes Payable

	Governmental	Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total		
	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	
General Obligation Bonds	\$470,000	\$360,000	\$	\$	\$470,000	\$360,000	
Revenue Bonds Payable			4,910,000	4,655,000	\$4,910,000	\$4,655,000	
Tax & Revenue CO			5,510,000	5,230,000	\$5,510,000	\$5,230,000	
Sub-total	\$470,000	\$360,000	\$10,420,000	\$9,885,000	\$10,890,000	\$10,245,000	
Sales & Tax Revenue Bonds ***	*		4,410,000	4,275,000	\$4,410,000	\$4,275,000	
Total	\$470,000	\$360,000	\$14,830,000	\$14,160,000	\$15,300,000	\$14,520,000	

***** Sales & Tax Revenue Bonds do not constitute an obligation of the City of Gilmer, but are reported herein because they are an obligation of its component unit, Gilmer Economic Development Corporation.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2012-2013 budget and rates. Sales tax receipts, which had been increasing from 2006 to 2009, decreased almost 4% for fiscal year 2009/2010, but showed leveling in the first three quarters of the 2010-2011 fiscal year. The last quarter of the 2010-2011 fiscal year continued to be level with the previous year and with that in mind, sales tax revenue was budgeted conservatively for the 2011-2012 fiscal year. The City's property tax rate for 2011-2012 was \$ 0.6314 per \$100 valuation. The property tax rate for 2012-2013 is set at \$0.636419/\$100. Property values decreased .01% for the 2012-2013 budget year over 2011-2012.

The City has made a concerted effort to make appropriations for those items truly necessary.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the City's business office at City of Gilmer, 110 Buffalo, Gilmer, Texas, 75644.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		vernmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	820,767	\$	1,211,785	\$	2,032,552
Investments	,	333,853	•	894,525	•	1,228,378
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		,		,		, ,
Taxes		233,728		-		233,728
Accounts		83,363		403,347		486,710
Other		36,460		-		36,460
Internal balances		55,502		(55,502)		-
Debt issuance costs, net of amortization		181,518		342,310		523,828
Discount or premium on bond issuance		22,168		(57,161)		(34,993)
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Land		6,330,697		4,525,164		10,855,861
Improvements		1,591,323		12,353,717		13,945,040
Buildings and improvements		2,541,324		787,284		3,328,608
Furniture and equipment		927,513		223,931		1,151,444
Construction in progress			_	5,250		5,250
Total assets		13,158,216	_	20,634,650		33,792,866
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		119,942		77,610		197,552
Accrued wages		68,270		14,904		83,174
Accrual for compensated absences		98,170		24,528		122,698
Accrued interest payable		53,108		134,943		188,051
Unearned revenue		4,500		-		4,500
Customer deposits		-		97,060		97,060
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		255,000		555,000		810,000
Due in more than one year		4,380,000		9,330,000		13,710,000
Total liabilities		4,978,990	_	10,234,045		15,213,035
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		6,959,543		8,295,496		15,255,039
Restricted for debt service		640,453		112,609		753,062
Restricted for other purposes		173,855		-		173,855
Unrestricted		405,375		1,992,501		2,397,876
Total net assets	\$	8,179,226	\$	10,400,606	\$	18,579,832

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

			Р	m Revenue	Net (Expense) Revenue and							
				O	perating	Capital		Ch	ang	es in Net Ass	ets	
		С	harges for	Gr	ants and	Grants and	Go	vernmental	Вι	ısiness-type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Primary government:												
Governmental activities:												
Legislative	\$ 26,648	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(26,648)			\$	(26,648)
Municipal court	84,607		-		-	-		(84,607)				(84,607)
Executive/administration	283,460		-		-	-		(283,460)				(283,460)
Community development	146,795		32,964		-	-		(113,831)				(113,831)
Financial administration	157,033					-		(157,033)				(157,033)
Police	1,276,380		239,285		63,100	-		(973,995)				(973,995)
Fire protection	501,689		61,200		37,326	-		(403,163)				(403,163)
Highways and streets	397,148		-		1,000	-		(396,148)				(396,148)
Civic center	173,044		38,432		-	-		(134,612)				(134,612)
Non-departmental	241,875		-		-	-		(241,875)				(241,875)
Interest and fiscal agent fees	221,642		<u>-</u>					(221,642)			_	(221,642)
Total governmental activities	3,510,321		371,881		101,426		_	(3,037,014)			(3,037,014)
Business-type activities:												
Water and sewer	1,595,551		2,069,768		4,790	-			\$	479,007		479,007
Sanitation	632,599		819,544		-	-				186,945		186,945
Airport	70,427		71,618		4,228				_	5,419		5,419
Total business-type activities	2,298,577		2,960,930		9,018					671,371		671,371
Total primary government	\$ 5,808,898	\$	3,332,811	\$	110,444	\$ -	\$	(3,037,014)	\$	671,371	\$ (2,365,643)
	General reven	ues										
	Property taxe	es, lev	vied for gene	ral pu	irposes			1,028,766		-		1,028,766
	Property taxe	es, lev	vied for debt	servic	ce			573,601		-		573,601
	Sales taxes							897,205		-		897,205
	Sales taxes		conomic Dev	elopm	nent			448,609		-		448,609
	Franchise ta	xes						213,583		-		213,583
	Other taxes							37,161		-		37,161
	Penalty and							36,067				36,067
	Investment e		gs					7,791		12,838		20,629
	Miscellaneo							69,987		- (4.000)		69,987
	Sale of asse							51,675		(1,929)		49,746
	Transfers in	. ,						(79,029)	_	79,029		-
	Ü		venues and	transf	ers			3,285,416		89,938	_	3,375,354
	Change							248,402		761,309		1,009,711
	Net assets - b	•	•					7,930,824		9,639,297	_	7,570,121
	Net assets - e	nding					\$	8,179,226	\$	10,400,606	\$ 1	8,579,832

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Economic Development Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	505,915	\$	5,123	\$	114,146	\$	195,583	\$	820,767
Investments		-		-		333,853		-		333,853
Receivables:										
Taxes		233,728		-		-		-		233,728
Due from other funds		4,000		270,817		34,147		-		308,964
Notes receivable		-		-		-		36,460		36,460
Other receivable		25,655		-						25,655
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	769,298	\$	275,940	\$	482,146	\$	232,043	\$	1,759,427
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	111,603	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,099	\$	119,702
Due to other funds		108,937		4,000		60,525		80,000		253,462
Payable to other governments		240		-		-		-		240
Unearned revenue		135,788		-		-		-		135,788
Accrued wages		66,790		-		-		1,480		68,270
Accrual for compensated absences	_	4,862						926		5,788
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	428,220		4,000		60,525		90,505		583,250
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted for debt service		-		271,940		421,621		-		693,561
Restricted for other purposes		32,317		-		-		141,538		173,855
Unassigned		308,761								308,761
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		341,078		271,940		421,621		141,538		1,176,177
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	769,298	\$	275,940	\$	482,146	\$	232,043	\$	1,759,427

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$1,176,177
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	11,390,857
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	131,288
Liabilities for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(4,635,000)
Unamortized premiums and discounts on issuance of bonds are not reported in the funds.	22,168
Unamortized debt issuance costs are not reported in the funds.	181,518
Liabilities for accrued interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(53,108)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(92,382)
Court fines receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are not reported in the funds.	57,708
Net assets of governmental activities - statement of net assets	\$8,179,226

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Economic Development Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$ 1,077,961	\$ 573,601	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,651,562
Penalty and interest	23,369	12,698	-	-	36,067
Sales tax	897,205	-	448,609	-	1,345,814
Franchise taxes	213,583	-	-	-	213,583
Other taxes	37,161	-	-	-	37,161
Fines and forfeitures	227,275	-	-	2,348	229,623
Licenses and permits	32,964	-	-	-	32,964
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	166,497	-	-	1,000	167,497
Investment income	1,306	512	4,429	1,544	7,791
Rents and royalties	8,102	-	-	30,330	38,432
Proceeds of asset sales	51,675	-	-	-	51,675
Donations	-	-	-	1,600	1,600
Other revenue	58,414			9,974	68,388
TOTAL REVENUES	2,795,512	586,811	453,038	46,796	3,882,157
EXPENDITURES:					
Legislative	24,678	-	-	-	24,678
Municipal court	78,069	-	-	-	78,069
Executive/administration	260,619	-	-	-	260,619
Community development	136,029	-	-	-	136,029
Financial administration	145,057	-	-	-	145,057
Police	1,267,483	-	-	5,078	1,272,561
Fire protection	476,032	-	-	-	476,032
Highways and streets	373,562	-	-	1,000	374,562
Civic center	-	-	-	111,216	111,216
Non-departmental	174,395	-	67,291	189	241,875
Debt service -principal	-	110,000	135,000	-	245,000
-interest	-	21,040	190,700	-	211,740
-fees		1,881	600		2,481
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,935,924	132,921	393,591	117,483	3,579,919
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(140,412)	453,890	59,447	(70,687)	302,238
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	332,239	99,863	-	84,204	516,306
Transfers out	(43,513)	(551,823)			(595,336)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	288,726	(451,960)		84,204	(79,030)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	148,314	1,930	59,447	13,517	223,208
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1, 2011	192,764	270,010	362,174	128,021	952,969
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	\$ 341,078	\$ 271,940	\$ 421,621	\$ 141,538	\$ 1,176,177

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 223,208
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	196,915
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(368,279)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(49,195)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	245,000
Bond issuance costs and similar items are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.	(9,921)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	2,500
Increase (decrease) in court fines receivable.	4,791
(Increase) decrease in accrual for compensated absences.	 3,383
Change in net assets of governmental activities - statement of activities	\$ 248,402

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Wa	ter & Sewer						
		Fund	Sanitation Fund		Air	rport Fund	Total	
ASSETS:								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	672,404	\$	415,763	\$	26,808	\$	1,114,975
Investments		894,525		-		-		894,525
Accounts receivable, net		300,281		103,066		-		403,347
Capitalized debt issuance costs		342,310		-		-		342,310
Premium on issuance costs		(57,161)		-		-		(57,161)
Due from other funds		99,719		154,790		-		254,509
Total current assets		2,252,078		673,619		26,808		2,952,505
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		96,810		_		_		96,810
Capital assets:		50,010						50,010
Land		4,266,667		230,484		28.013		4,525,164
Land improvements		3,558,647		200,404		1,538,367		5,097,014
Infrastructure		13,694,237		-		1,550,507		13,694,237
Construction in progress		5,250		-		-		5,250
Buildings		162,453		-		015 017		•
Equipment and furniture		607,389		-		815,817		978,270 710,454
Less accumulated depreciation		•		-		103,065		,
•		(6,690,671)				(424,371)		(7,115,042)
Total noncurrent assets		15,700,782		230,484		2,060,891		17,992,157
TOTAL ASSETS		17,952,860		904,103		2,087,699		20,944,662
LIABILITIES:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		26,120		50,107		1,383		77,610
Wages payable		14,426		478		-		14,904
Accrual for compensated absences		23,879		649		-		24,528
Accrued interest payable		134,943		-		-		134,943
Due to other funds		247,750		-		62,261		310,011
Customer deposits		96,810		-		250		97,060
Bonds, notes, and loans payable		555,000		-		-		555,000
Total current liabilities		1,098,928		51,234		63,894		1,214,056
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Bonds, notes, and loans payable		9,330,000						9,330,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10,428,928		51,234		63,894		10,544,056
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		6,004,121		230,484		2,060,891		8,295,496
Restricted for debt service		112,609		-		-		112,609
Unrestricted		1,407,202		622,385		(37,086)		1,992,501
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	7,523,932	\$	852,869	\$	2,023,805	\$	10,400,606

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Water & Sewer Fund		Sanitation Fund		Ai	irport Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for water services	\$	1,227,186	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,227,186
Charges for sewerage services	Ψ	695,772	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	695,772
Charges for sanitation services		-		710,540		_		710,540
Penalties		25,052		7 10,040		_		25,052
Rents and royalties		12,600		_		71,618		84,218
Franchise fees		12,000		91,979		71,010		91,979
Licenses and permits				2,648		_		2,648
Other revenue		109,158		14,377		-		123,535
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		2,069,768		819,544		71,618		2,960,930
	-	_,,,,,,,,,,						_,,,,,,,,,
OPERATING EXPENSES:		407.040		44.004				110.001
Salaries and employee benefits		427,643		14,691				442,334
Contractual services		25,155		607,892		2,470		635,517
Utilities		116,256		-		9,368		125,624
Repairs and maintenance		98,135		-		4,947		103,082
Supplies and other expenses		162,786		-		2,994		165,780
Insurance		4,540		-		3,284		7,824
Bad debts		43,198		10,016		-		53,214
Depreciation		266,352				47,364		313,716
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,144,065		632,599		70,427		1,847,091
OPERATING INCOME		925,703		186,945		1,191		1,113,839
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest and investment revenue		11,294		1,459		85		12,838
Operating grants		4,790		-		4,228		9,018
Interest expense		(451,486)		_		-		(451,486)
Debt service expenses		(1,929)				-		(1,929)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(437,331)		1,459		4,313		(431,559)
Income before contributions and transfers		488,372		188,404		5,504		682,280
Transfers in		551,823		-		15,793		567,616
Transfers out		(328,184)		(160,403)		-		(488,587)
Income after contributions and transfers		712,011		28,001		21,297		761,309
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		712,011		28,001		21,297		761,309
TOTAL NET ASSETS - BEGINNING		6,811,921		824,868		2,002,508		9,639,297
TOTAL NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$	7,523,932	\$	852,869	\$	2,023,805	\$	10,400,606

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Water & Sewer Sanitation Fund Fund				Airport Fund	Total Proprietary Funds		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Cash received from user charges	\$	1,953,670	\$	702,496	\$	75,115	\$	2,731,281
Other operating revenue	Ψ	121,758	Ψ	106,356	Ψ	-	Ψ	228,114
Cash payments to employees for services		(423,586)		(14,343)		-		(437,929)
Cash payments for contracted services		(25,155)		(605,190)		(2,470)		(632,815)
Cash payments to suppliers		(188,175)		-		(2,525)		(190,700)
Cash payments for other operating expenses		(218,931)				(17,599)		(236,530)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1,219,581		189,319		52,521		1,461,421
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Transfers to other funds		(328,184)		(160,403)		-		(488,587)
Transfers from other funds		551,823		-		15,793		567,616
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		223,639		(160,403)		15,793		79,029
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Acquisition of capital assets		(777,527)		-		-		(777,527)
Payments on bonds payable		(535,000)		-		-		(535,000)
Interest paid on bonds payable		(449,085)		-		-		(449,085)
Capital contributions and grants		4,790		-		4,228		9,018
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,756,822)		<u>-</u>		4,228		(1,752,594)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Purchases of certificates of deposit		(500,000)		-		-		(500,000)
Maturities of certificates of deposit		158,549		-		-		158,549
Interest on investments		6,988		1,459		85		8,532
Interfund loans collected (funded)	-	74,307		(34,000)		(64,642)		(24,335)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(260,156)		(32,541)		(64,557)		(357,254)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(573,758)		(3,625)		7,985		(569,398)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - OCTOBER 1, 2011		1,246,160		419,387		18,824		1,684,371
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	\$	672,402	\$	415,762	\$	26,809	\$	1,114,973
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	925,703	\$	186,945	\$	1,191	\$	1,113,839
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash								
provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		266,352		-		47,364		313,716
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		48,858		(676)		3,497		51,679
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(25,389)		2,702		469		(22,218)
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages		4,057		348		-		4,405
Total adjustments		293,878		2,374		51,330		347,582
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,219,581	\$	189,319	\$	52,521	\$	1,461,421

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted by the City of Gilmer, Texas, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Gilmer includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the City's executive and legislative branches (the Mayor or the Council, respectively). Control by or dependence on the City is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the City, obligation of the City to finance any deficits that may occur, or receipt of significant subsidies from the City.

COMPONENT UNIT

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or as discretely presented component units.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

The Economic Development Corporation has been determined to be a blended component unit of the City. The board of the Economic Development Corporation (EDC) is appointed by the City Council. The EDC is funded by a one-half cent sales tax to promote economic growth in Gilmer. It is included in the financial statements as a special revenue fund (Economic Development Fund). There are no separate financial statements issued. All sales tax revenues produced by the EDC are pledged to debt service on Sales Tax Revenue Bonds.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual government funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales tax associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The debt service fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The economic development fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the one-half cent sales tax collected for the Economic Development Corporation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water and sewer fund is used to account for the sale of water and wastewater treatment by the City to businesses and residential customers and to surrounding communities.

The sanitation fund accounts for residential and commercial solid waste collections and disposal services for the City.

The airport fund accounts for the operation of the Gilmer-Upshur County airport.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds - The City accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the City or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. All revenues not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgets for the general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service fund are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary fund budget is adopted on a basis consistent with the accrual basis of accounting except for depreciation, which is not budgeted and capital outlay, which is budgeted. Unexpended budget appropriations lapse at year end and do not carry forward to future periods.

Budget controls are imposed at the fund level and require Council approval for amendment.

E. <u>INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES</u>

Any short-term advances between funds that may exist are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts.

F. <u>ESTIMATES</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. This will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have an initial maturity of three months or less.

H. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Cash held for customer deposits in the Water and Sewer Fund is reported as restricted.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure assets are recorded in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure	25 - 50
Buildings	10 - 60
Land improvements	60 - 100
Machinery and equipment	5 - 12
Heavy equipment	10 - 20
Vehicles	4 - 7
Computer equipment	3 - 5

J. DEFERRED BOND ISSUE COSTS

Deferred bond issue costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the bonds.

K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay for it. Accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. In accordance with the provisions of *Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16* "Accounting for Compensated Absences", no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

L. FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;

Restricted fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

Committed fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;

Assigned fund balance - amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;

Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. In the general fund, the City has a policy to maintain a minimum of two months of operating expenses in unassigned fund balance. At September 30, 2012, the City had achieved approximately 1.25 months of operating expenses in its unassigned fund balance.

M. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that would be treated as revenue, expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the government unit are accounted for as revenue, expenditures or expenses in the funds involved. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense in the fund that is reimbursed. Operating transfers are distinguished from revenues, expenses, or expenditures in the financial statements. These transfers are reported in the "Other Financing Sources (Uses)" section in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (governmental funds) and in the "Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)" section in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets (proprietary funds).

N. RISK FINANCING

The City provides statutory workers' compensation benefits under an insured plan of the Texas Municipal League Joint Workers' Compensation Fund. Cost of the program is charged to the appropriate fund. The City has outside property insurance coverage for major structures, primarily those used by the public and those located in a cluster to provide protection from catastrophic losses. The City maintains liability and comprehensive insurance coverage for all its vehicles and equipment.

NOTE 2 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

 Violation
 Action Taken

 None
 N/A

Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Assets of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net assets at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

 Fund Name
 Deficit Amount
 Remarks

 None
 N/A
 N/A

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the previous January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. The assessment ratio of the City is 100 percent of market value. The assessed value for the roll as of January 1, 2011 upon which the 2012 fiscal-year levy was based, was \$261,919,610 and the tax levy was set at \$.6314 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Taxes were due in January following the October 1 statement date. Tax collections during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, for the fiscal 2012 tax levy were 96.68 percent of the total tax levy for that year.

Delinquent taxes as of September 30, 2012, were \$263,281.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. The allowance for uncollectible taxes at September 30, 2012 is \$131,993.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the period ended September 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental activities:				
Land	\$ 6,330,697	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,330,697
Infrastructure	3,920,298	-	-	3,920,298
Buildings and Improvements	3,769,946	48,468	-	3,818,414
Machinery, Furniture and Equipment	2,125,489	148,447	(108,516)	2,165,420
Totals at Historic Cost	16,146,430	196,915	(108,516)	16,234,829
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(2,233,900)	(95,075)	-	(2,328,975)
Buildings and Improvements	(1,151,745)	(125,345)	-	(1,277,090)
Machinery, Furniture and Equipment	(1,198,564)	(147,859)	108,516	(1,237,907)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,584,209)	(368,279)	108,516	(4,843,972)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,562,221	\$ (171,364)	\$ -	\$ 11,390,857
Business-type activities:				
Land	\$ 4,525,164	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,525,164
Construction in progress	55,114	5,250	(55,114)	5,250
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,580,278	5,250	(55,114)	4,530,414
Land Improvements	5,097,014	-	-	5,097,014
Infrastructure	13,093,959	600,279	-	13,694,238
Buildings and Improvements	978,270	-	-	978,270
Machinery, Furniture and Equipment	483,341	227,112		710,453
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,652,584	827,391		20,479,975

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(1,133,841)	(79,467)	-	(1,213,308)
Infrastructure	(5,093,336)	(130,891)	-	(5,224,227)
Buildings and Improvements	(171,035)	(19,951)	-	(190,986)
Machinery, Furniture and Equipment	(403,115)	(83,407)	-	(486,522)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,801,327)	(313,716)	-	(7,115,043)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	12,851,257	513,675		13,364,932
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,431,535	\$ 518,925	\$ (55,114)	\$ 17,895,346

Depreciation expense was charged to departments of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Legislative	\$	1,970
Municipal Court		6,233
Executive/Administration		20,809
Community Development		10,861
Financial Administration		11,582
Police		101,605
Fire Protection		27,068
Highways and Streets		124,981
Civic Center		63,170
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities		368,279
	<u></u>	

Business-type activities:

Water and sewer 266,352
Airport 47,364
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities 313,716

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2012, are summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Obligations of the City of Gilmer:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 470,000	\$ -	\$ 110,000	\$ 360,000	\$ 115,000
Accrual for compensated absences	95,765		2,503	93,262	
Total Obligations of the City of Gilmer	565,765	-	112,503	453,262	115,000
Obligations of Economic Development Corp:					
Sales tax revenue bonds	4,410,000	-	135,000	4,275,000	140,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 4,975,765	\$ -	\$ 247,503	\$ 4,728,262	\$ 255,000
Business-type Activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 4,910,000	\$ -	\$ 255,000	\$ 4,655,000	\$ 150,000
Tax and revenue certificates of obligation	5,510,000	-	280,000	5,230,000	405,000
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 10,420,000	\$ -	\$ 535,000	\$ 9,885,000	\$ 555,000
Total Law or tarma Dalet	¢ 45 005 705	Φ.	ф 700 гоо	f 44 C40 000	Ф 040.000
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 15,395,765	\$ -	\$ 782,503	\$ 14,613,262	\$ 810,000

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a detail of General Obligation Bonds and Revenue Bond	s Payable:		alance as of otember 30, 2012
Governmental Activities:			
General Obligation Bonds 1999 General Obligation Bonds; principal plus interest varying from 3.35 May 15, 2015	% to 4.40% due semi-annually through	\$	360,000
	Total General Obligation Bonds		360,000
Sales Tax and Revenue Bonds (an obligation of Gilmer Economic Develor 2011 Sales Tax and Revenue Bonds; principal plus interest varying from			
through July 15, 2033.	Total Sales Tax and Revenue Bonds		4,275,000
	Total Sales Tax and Revenue Bonds	_	4,275,000
	Total Governmental Activities	\$	4,635,000
Business-Type Activities: Revenue Bonds			
2010 Waterworks and Sewer System Refunding Bond; principal plus into semi-annually through July 1, 2034.	erest varying from 3.0% to 4.25% due	\$	4,655,000
Serin-annually through July 1, 2004.	Total Revenue Bonds	Ψ	4,655,000
<u>Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation</u> 2000 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation; principal 6.875% due semi-annually through July 1, 2015	plus interest varying from 5.0% to		745,000
2001 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation; principal	plus interest varying from 4.5% to 6.5%		
due semi-annually through May 15, 2027	Total Tay and Day and Contiferation of Obligation		4,485,000
	Total Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation		5,230,000
	Total Business-Type Activities	\$	9,885,000
Aggregate maturities of long-term debt subsequent to September 30, 20	12 are as follows:		

	Year Ending			
Governmental activities:	September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
	2013	\$ 255,000	\$ 204,200	\$ 459,200
	2014	260,000	196,225	456,225
	2015	270,000	187,325	457,325
	2016	150,000	178,075	328,075
	2017	155,000	173,575	328,575
	2018-2022	860,000	768,139	1,628,139
	2023-2027	1,050,000	564,525	1,614,525
	2028-2032	1,330,000	282,000	1,612,000
	2033	305,000	15,250	320,250
		\$ 4,635,000	\$ 2,569,314	\$ 7,204,314
Business-type activities:	Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
	2013	\$ 555,000	\$ 429,485	\$ 984,485
	2014	575,000	403,686	978,686
	2015	605,000	376,810	981,810
	2016	445,000	348,361	793,361
	2017	455,000	331,535	786,535
	2018-2022	2,410,000	1,373,073	3,783,073
	2023-2027	2,935,000	800,540	3,735,540
	2028-2032	1,305,000	294,965	1,599,965
	2033-2034	600,000	38,463	638,463

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and requirements.

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2012 were as follows:

	Due To										
					Ed	conomic					
<u>Due From</u>	Gene	ral Fund	De	bt Service	Dev	elopment	Sani	tation Fund	Wate	er & Sewer	Totals
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,147	\$	74,790	\$	-	\$ 108,937
Economic Development		-		-		-		-		60,525	60,525
Debt Service		4,000		-		-		-		-	4,000
Other Governmental Funds		-		-		-		80,000		-	80,000
Water & Sewer Fund		-		247,750		-		-		-	247,750
Airport Fund				23,067				<u>-</u>		39,194	 62,261
	\$	4,000	\$	270,817	\$	34,147	\$	154,790	\$	99,719	\$ 563,473

Interfund loans consist of current and prior year borrowings between funds to satisfy cash flow requirements.

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2012 were as follows:

					Trai	nsfer To					
						Other					
Transfer From	Ger	neral Fund	Del	ot Service	Gov	ernmental	Wat	er & Sewer	 Airport	_	Totals
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,513	\$	-	\$ -	\$	43,513
Debt Service Fund		-		-		-		551,823	-		551,823
Water & Sewer Fund		328,184		-		-		-	-		328,184
Sanitation Fund		4,055		99,863		40,691			 15,793		160,402
	ope	332,239 und current rations and		99,863 Fo fund payments		84,204 fund grant match		551,823 fund debt service	15,793 und current perations	\$	1,083,922
	pay	off interfund debts				d current perations	req	uirements			

NOTE 7 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the city are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained from TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

NOTE 7 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The plan provisions are adopted by the City Council, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City are as follows:

	Plan Year 2011	Plan Year 2012
Employee Deposit Rate:	6%	6%
Matching Ratio (city to employee):	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years Required for Vesting	5	5
Service Retirement Eligibility	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating

B. CONTRIBUTIONS

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for the city. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/(asset) are as follows:

		Actual	Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Contribution	APC	Net Pension
Ending	Cost (APC)	Made	Contributed	Obligation/(Asset)
2010	253,169	226,569	89%	26,600
2011	225,800	225,800	100%	-
2012	245.064	245.064	100%	-

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2012 were determined as part of the December 31, 2009 and 2010 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2011, also follows.

Valuation Date	12/31/2009	12/31/2010	12/31/2011
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll
GASB 25 Equivalent Single Amortization Period	28.1 years; closed period	27.1 years; closed period	26.1 years; closed period
Amortization Period for New	30 years	30 years	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	10-year Smoothed Market	10-year Smoothed Market	10-year Smoothed Market
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Investment Rate of Return*	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%
Projected Salary Increases*	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service
* Includes Inflation at	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%

NOTE 7 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Funded Status and Funding Progress -

The funded status as of December 31, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is presented as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2011	\$ 4,963,570	\$ 6,449,233	77.0%	\$ 1,485,663	\$ 1,776,884	83.6%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

C. SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS FUND

The city also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The city elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The city may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB.

The city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The city's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$ 4,080, \$4,762 and \$4,591, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Fire Fighter's Pension Commissioner is the administrator of the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension system established and administered by the State of Texas to provide pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without significant monetary remuneration. At August 31, 2010, there were 199 member fire or emergency services departments participating in TESRS. Eligible participants include volunteer emergency services personnel who are members in good standing of a participating department.

At August 31, 2010, TESRS membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2,167
Terminated participants entitled to benefits but not yet	
receiving them	2,106
Active participants (vested and nonvested)	4,371
	8 644

Senate Bill 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977), created TESRS and established the applicable benefit provisions. The 79th Legislature, Regular Session (2005), recodified the provisions and gave the TESRS Board of Trustees authority to establish vesting requirements, contribution levels, benefit formulas, and eligibility requirements by board rule. The benefit provisions include retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Members are 50% vested after the tenth year of service, with the vesting percent increasing 10% for each of the next five years of service so that a member becomes 100% vested with 15 years of service.

NOTE 7 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Upon reaching age 55, each vested member may retire and receive a monthly pension equal to his vested percent multiplied by six times the governing body's average monthly contribution over the member's years of qualified service. For years of service in excess of 15 years, this monthly benefit is increased at the rate of 6.2% compounded annually.

On and off-duty death benefits and on-duty disability benefits are dependent on whether or not the member was engaged in the performance of duties at the time of death or disability. Death benefits include a lump sum amount and continuing monthly payments to a member's surviving spouse and dependent children.

B. FUNDING POLICY

Contribution provisions were established by S.B. 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977) and were amended by board rule in 2006. No contributions are required by individual members of participating departments. The governing bodies of participating departments are required to contribute at least the minimum prescribed amount per month for each active member and may contribute more. Additional contributions may be made by a governing body to pay for granting credit for service before the department began participating in TESRS (prior service). The State may also be required to make annual contributions up to a limited amount to make TESRS actuarially sound.

C. CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE

The contribution requirement per active emergency services personnel member per month is not actuarially determined. Rather, the minimum contribution provisions were set by board rule. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2010, total contributions (dues and prior service) of \$2,875,103 were paid into TESRS by the political subdivisions served by the member volunteer emergency services personnel. The state did not appropriate any maximum state contribution for the fiscal years ending August 31, 2010 and 2011. Total contributions made were equal to the contributions required by the state statute and were equal to the contributions required based on the revised August 31, 2008 actuarial valuation.

The purpose of the biennial actuarial valuation is to test the adequacy of the contribution arrangement to determine if it is adequate to pay the benefits that are promised. The actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2010, revealed the adequacy of the expected contributions from the political subdivisions (dues and prior service contributions) together with the actual state appropriations for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2010 (\$502,941 to pay for part of the System's administrative expenses) and with the assumed continuation of legislative appropriations of (1) the maximum state contribution amount in future years for up to 50 years as is necessary for the System to have a 30-year amortization period, and (2) approximately \$500,000 each year to pay for part of the System's administrative expenses. Expected contributions for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2011 are less than the contributions required because of the lag time in between an actuarial valuation that shows the need for maximum state contribution amounts and the appropriations process.

NOTE 8 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE

As of September 30, 2012, fund balances restricted for specific purposes were as follows:

General Fund		
	Hotel-Motel tax	\$ 17,313
	Court Restricted Funds	 15,004
		\$ 32,317
Other Governmen	ntal Funds	
	Police Dept Seizure Fund	\$ 3,002
	Police Officer Fund	22
	HOME Texas Fund	11,812
	Civic Center	40,248
	Splashpad Construction Fund	1,600
	USDA Loan Program	84,229
	Police Explorers' Group	625
		\$ 141,538

NOTE 9 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash Deposits

Deposits - At September 30, 2012, the carrying amounts of the City's bank accounts were \$2,032,552 and the balances on deposit were \$2,042,513. During the year ended September 30, 2012, deposits were not entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name during a period from late January to mid-March, 2012. The City's deposits were fully insured and collateralized at year-end.

NOTE 9 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments:

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the general purpose financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposits, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) commercial paper.

The City's investments at September 30, 2012, are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	Value
Certificates of Deposit	Various	\$ 1,228,378
Total Investment	ts	\$ 1,228,378

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

Fair

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

At year end, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the City

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 9 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investment Accounting Policy

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, the City's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The City participates in certain federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE 11 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The Plan assets are not a part of the City's financial statements because a third party administrator holds these plan assets in trust.

The market value of deferred compensation plan assets was \$228,650 at September 30, 2012.

NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 19, 2013, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

On January 1, 2013, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, in the amount of \$4,250,000. Proceeds of the bonds will be used to refund certain outstanding obligations of the City for debt service savings and to pay the costs related to the issuance of the Bonds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$ 1,080,885	\$ 1,080,885	\$ 1,077,961	\$ (2,924)	
Penalty and interest	22,250	22,250	23,369	1,119	
Sales tax	828,849	828,849	897,205	68,356	
Franchise taxes	221,750	221,750	213,583	(8,167)	
Fines and forfeitures	259,900	259,900	227,275	(32,625)	
Licenses and permits	17,550	17,550	32,964	15,414	
Other taxes	35,000	35,000	37,161	2,161	
Investment income	3,000	3,000	1,306	(1,694)	
Rents and royalties	16,000	16,000	8,102	(7,898)	
Proceeds of asset sales	-	40,872	51,675	10,803	
Intergovernmental revenues and grants	86,053	149,063	166,497	17,434	
Miscellaneous	22,800	41,946	58,414	16,468	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,594,037	2,717,065	2,795,512	78,447	
EXPENDITURES:					
Legislative	22,188	22,188	24,678	(2,490)	
Municipal court	79,289	79,289	78,069	1,220	
Executive/administration	273,021	273,021	260,619	12,402	
Community development	132,130	125,034	136,029	(10,995)	
Financial administration	140,673	143,898	145,057	(1,159)	
Police	1,212,019	1,276,162	1,267,483	8,679	
Fire protection	521,081	521,081	476,032	45,049	
Highways and streets	366,058	396,727	373,562	23,165	
Non-departmental	393,688	409,904	174,395	235,509	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,140,147	3,247,304	2,935,924	311,380	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(546,110)	(530,239)	(140,412)	389,827	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	546,110	542,239	332,239	(210,000)	
Transfers out		(12,000)	(43,513)	(31,513)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	546,110	530,239	288,726	(241,513)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	-	-	148,314	148,314	
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1, 2011	192,764	192,764	192,764	_	
,					
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	\$ 192,764	\$ 192,764	\$ 341,078	\$ 148,314	

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts					Fina	ance with al Budget Positive	
		Original Final		Actual		(Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Sales tax	\$	414,425	\$	414,425	\$	448,609	\$	34,184
Investment income		1,500		1,500		4,429		2,929
TOTAL REVENUES		415,925		415,925		453,038		37,113
EXPENDITURES:								
Non-departmental		62,164		62,164		67,291		(5,127)
Debt service - principal		135,000		135,000		135,000		-
Debt service - interest and other charges		190,700		190,700		191,300		(600)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		387,864		387,864		393,591		(5,727)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		28,061		28,061		59,447		31,386
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		<u>-</u>						
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
AND OTHER USES		28,061		28,061		59,447		31,386
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1, 2011		362,174		362,174		362,174		
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2012	\$	390,235	\$	390,235	\$	421,621	\$	31,386

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Actuarial Value Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2009	3,231,396	4,927,312	65.6%	1,695,916	1,803,482	94.0%
12/31/2010	4,489,791	6,061,024	74.1%	1,571,233	1,744,193	90.1%
12/31/2011	4,963,570	6,449,233	77.0%	1,485,663	1,776,884	83.6%

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS

TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Actuarial

		Accrued				UAAL Per
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Liability ¹ (AAL) - Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Total Members Covered	Member Covered
	(a)	(b)	(b) - (a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/(c)
8/31/2006	42,268,305	58,082,828	15,814,523	72.80%	8,061	1,962
8/31/2008 ²	60,987,157	64,227,341	3,240,184	95.00%	8,254	393
8/31/2010 ³	64,113,803	81,264,230	17,150,427	78.90%	8,644	1,984

Notes:

- (1) The actuarial accrued liability is based upon the entry age actuarial cost method.
- (2) Changes in actuarial assumptions were reflected in this valuation.
- (3) Changes in an actuarial assumption and method were reflected in this valuation.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Percentage Contributed	

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Actuarial assumptions and methods as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation date	August 31, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar, open
Amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market value smoothed by a 5-year deferred recognition method with a 80%/120% corridor on market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	7.75% per year, net of investment expenses
Projected salary increases	N/A
*Includes inflation at	3.50%
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

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KAREN A. JACKS & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Gilmer, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gilmer, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City of Gilmer, Texas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Gilmer, Texas' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gilmer, Texas' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Gilmer, Texas' internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Gilmer, Texas' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, City Council, other within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Karen A. Jacks & Associates, P.C.

Longview, Texas March 19, 2013

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Report Auditing Standards	ted in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government
- raditing ordination	
Finding/Recommendation	Current Status
None.	
110110.	

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

A. Summary of Auditors' Results

	1.	Financial Statements		
		Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unqualified</u>	
		Internal control over financial reporting:		
		Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
		Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None Reported
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
В.	<u>Fina</u>	ancial Statement Findings		
	Nor	ne		

CITY OF GILMER, TEXAS CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

None required.

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